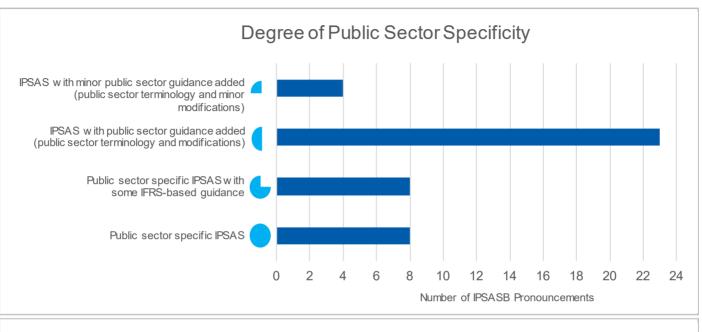
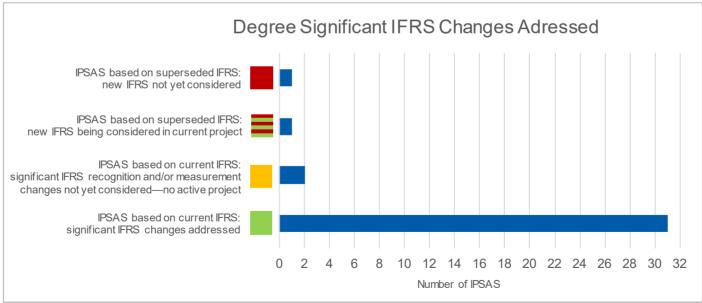
# **IPSAS-IFRS Alignment Dashboard Overview**





# Agenda Item 1.7

#### **CONTENTS**

IPSAS-IFRS Alignment Dashboard Overview	
Alignment Impact of Key Changes Since June 2024	
Table 1 – IPSAS/RPG and Equivalent IFRS/PS—Summary	
Table 2 – IFRS/PS with no Equivalent IPSAS/RPG4	
Table 3 – IFRIC/SIC not Addressed by IPSAS/RPG	
Table 4 – Summary of IASB Work Plan (updated on August 21, 2024)	
Table 5 – IPSAS and Equivalent IFRS—Detail	
Table 6 – RPG and Equivalent PS—Detail	

# **Alignment Impact of Key Changes Since June 2024**

# **IPSASB Pronouncements:**

N/A

#### **IASB Pronouncements:**

• July 2024 - Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards—Volume 11

**Key:** IPSAS = International Public Sector Accounting Standard; RPG = Recommended Practice Guideline; IFRIC = International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee; IFRS = International Financial Reporting Standard; IAS = International Accounting Standard; PS = Practice Statement

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The term 'alignment' refers to the formal processes the IPSASB follows to assess the applicability of IFRS and/or GFS requirements when developing pronouncements that faithfully represent the economic substance of transactions in the public sector. Through these processes, the IPSASB aims to reduce unnecessary differences with these sources of guidance when they can also be applied in the public sector context. Outstanding presentation-related consequential amendments do not impact IFRS alignment categorization.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Staff assessment

	-	Table 1	– IPSAS/RPG and Equi	valent IF	RS/PS-	–Summary		
IPSAS/RPG	IFRS/PS	Status	IPSAS/RPG	IFRS/PS	Status	IPSAS/RPG	IFRS/PS	Status
1, Presentation of Financial Statements	IAS 1	<b>(</b>	26, Impairment of Cash-Generating Assets	IAS 36		41, Financial Instruments	IFRS 9 IFRIC 16 IFRIC 19	
2, Cash Flow Statements	IAS 7		27, Agriculture	IAS 41		42, Social Benefits	-	
3, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors	IAS 8		28, Financial Instruments: Presentation	IAS 32 IFRIC 2		43, Leases	IFRS 16	
4, The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	IAS 21 IFRIC 22		29, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement	IAS 39 IFRIC 16		44, Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	IFRS 5	
5, Borrowing Costs	IAS 23		30, Financial Instruments: Disclosures	IFRS 7		45, Property, Plant, and Equipment	IAS 16	
10, Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies	IAS 29		31, Intangible Assets	IAS 38, SIC 32		46, Measurement	IFRS 13	
12, Inventories	IAS 2		32, Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor	IFRIC 12 SIC 29		47, Revenue	IFRS 15 IAS 20 SIC 10	
14, Events after the Reporting Date	IAS 10		33, First-time Adoption of Accrual Basis IPSASs	IFRS 1		48, Transfer Expenses	-	
16, Investment Property	IAS 40		34, Separate Financial Statements	IAS 27		49, Retirement Benefit Plans	IAS 26	
18, Segment Reporting	IAS 14		35, Consolidated Financial Statements	IFRS 10				
19, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	IAS 37		36, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	IAS 28		Financial Reporting under the Cash Basis of Accounting	-	
20, Related Party Disclosures	IAS 24		37, Joint Arrangements	IFRS 11				
21, Impairment of Non-Cash- Generating Assets	IAS 36		38, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	IFRS 12		RPG 1, Reporting on the Long-Term Sustainability of an Entity's Finances	-	
22, Disclosure of Financial Information about the General Government Sector	-		39, Employee Benefits	IAS 19		RPG 2, Financial Statement Discussion and Analysis	PS 1 Management Commentary	
24, Presentation of Budget Information in Financial Statements	-		40, Public Sector Combinations	IFRS 3		RPG 3, Reporting Service Performance Information	-	

Note: The IPSASB views the Cash Basis IPSAS as an important steppingstone on the journey to full accrual accounting rather than an end in itself.

	Tab	le 2 – IFRS/PS with no l	Εc	uivalent IPSAS/RPG <sup>1 2</sup>		
IFRS	Status	Comments		IAS/PS	Status	Comments
IFRS 2 Share-based Payment	$\bowtie$	Entities reporting on IPSAS basis generally do not give share-based payment compensation.		IAS 12 Income Taxes	X	Entities reporting on IPSAS basis generally do not pay income taxes.
IFRS 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources		Draft of aligned IPSAS issued as ED 86 linked to <i>Natural Resources</i> project.		IAS 33 Earnings per Share	$\boxtimes$	Public sector entities generally do not issue equity.
IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts		Limited relevance in many jurisdictions.  Monitoring development of ongoing IASB project Rate-regulated Activities.		IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting		Limited interest given current priority to get governments onto accrual-based end year reporting.
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts		Option to use IFRS 17 directly included in IPSAS 42, Social Benefits.		Practice Statement 2: Making Materiality Judgements		The IPSASB agreed to add this project as a pre-commitment to consider starting work in 2024 as other projects on the IPSASB's work program are completed and resources become available. IPSASB staff issued Questions and Answers on Materiality.
IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	$\bowtie$	The IPSASB decided not to develop an IPSAS based on IFRS 19 consistent with the decision on Differential Reporting. See Differential Reporting: Feedback Statement.				
	$\times$	The IPSASB decided that developing the 'Navigating IPSAS' tool would				

better meet diverse public sector needs. See Differential Reporting:

Feedback Statement

IFRS for SMEs

## Alignment Status:

Being addressed in an active/committed IPSASB project.

IPSASB pre-committed project to start when resources are available.

Not in current IPSASB's work plan.

Not relevant in public sector.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Staff assessment

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Consequential amendments from IFRS with purple and white legend will only be considered if the IPSASB undertakes the project.

	Т	able 3 – IFRIC/SIC not A	١d	dressed by IPS	AS/RP	G
IFRIC	Status	Comments		SIC	Status	Comments
IFRIC 1, Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities		ED 89, Amendments to Consider IFRIC Interpretations.		SIC-7, Introduction of the Euro		To be considered further for broader application to other monetary unions in the public sector.
IFRIC 5, Rights to Interests arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds		ED 89, Amendments to Consider IFRIC Interpretations		SIC-25, Income Taxes— Changes in the Tax Status of an Entity or its Shareholders	X	Entities reporting on IPSAS basis generally do not pay income taxes.
IFRIC 6, Liabilities arising from Participating in a Specific Market—Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment	X	Entities reporting on IPSAS basis generally are not producers of electrical and electronic equipment for household use.				
IFRIC 7, Applying the Restatement Approach under IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies		ED 89, Amendments to Consider IFRIC Interpretations				
IFRIC 10, Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment		To only be considered if the IPSASB develops an aligned IPSAS with IAS 34 (see IAS 34 in Table 2).				
IFRIC 14, IAS 19—The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction		ED 89, Amendments to Consider IFRIC Interpretations				
IFRIC 17, Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners		To be addressed in the <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i> project.				
IFRIC 20, Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine		ED 87 proposes addition to IPSAS 12 as an appendix.				
IFRIC 21, Levies		ED 89, Amendments to Consider IFRIC Interpretations				
IFRIC 23, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	$\bowtie$	Entities reporting on IPSAS basis generally do not pay income taxes.				

## Alignment Status:

Being addressed in an active/committed IPSASB project.

Not in current IPSASB work plan.

Not relevant in public sector.

	Table	4 – Sı	ımm	ary of	IASB \	Work Plan (updated on August 2	21, 202	<b>(4)</b>			
Stand	lard-Setti	ing Projec	cts			Maintenance Projects					
Title	Status	Publica Date		IFRS / PS	IPSAS / RPG	Title	Status	Publica Date		IFRS / PS	IPSAS / RPG
Business Combinations— Disclosures, Goodwill and Impairment		ED Feedback	10 / 2024	IFRS 3 IAS 36	IPSAS 21 IPSAS 26 IPSAS 40	Addendum to the Exposure Draft Third edition of the IFRS for SMEs Accounting Standard	×	ED Feedback	09 / 2024	-	-
Dynamic Risk Management	•	ED	H1 / 2025	IFRS 9	IPSAS 41	Climate-related and Other Uncertainties in the Financial Statements		ED Feedback	H1 / 2025	IAS 1 CF IAS 37 IFRS S1 IFRS S2 IAS 36 IFRS 9	IPSAS 1 CF IPSAS 19 - - IPSAS 26 IPSAS 41
Equity Method		ED	09 / 2024	IAS 28	IPSAS 36	Power Purchase Agreements		ED Feedback	08 / 2024	IFRS 9 IFRS 7	IPSAS 41 IPSAS 30
Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Equity		FA	2026	CF IAS 32 IFRS 9	CF IPSAS 28 IPSAS 41	Provisions—Targeted Improvements		ED	Q4 / 2024	CF IAS 37 IFRIC 21	CF IPSAS 19
Management Commentary		Final Revised PS	H1 / 2025	PS 1	RPG 2	Translation to a Hyperinflationary Presentation Currency		ED Feedback	H1 / 2025	IAS 21	IPSAS 4
Rate-regulated Activities		IFRS Standard	H2 / 2025	IFRS 14	-	Updating IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures		ED Feedback	H1 / 2025	IFRS 19	-
Second Comprehensive Review of the IFRS for SMEs Standard		IFRS for SMEs Standard	H1 / 2025	IFRS for SMEs	-						

	Table	4 – Sum	mary	of IAS	SB Wor	k Plan (updated on Auզ	gust 21	, 2024)			
	Research Projects							Questions	;		
Title	Status	Publicat Date	ion	IFRS / PS	IPSAS / RPG	Title	Status	Publica Dat		IFRS / PS	IPSAS / RPG
Intangible Assets		RR	10 / 2024	IAS 38	IPSAS 31	Classification of Cash Flows related to Variation Margin Calls on 'Collateralised-to-Market' Contracts		TADF	Q4 / 2024	IAS 7	IPSAS 2
Post-implementation Review of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers		Feedback Statement	09 / 2024	IFRS 15	IPSAS 47						
Post-implementation Review of IFRS 16 Leases		RFI	H1 / 2025	IFRS 16	IPSAS 43						

**Key:** CM = Core Model; CF = Conceptual Framework; DF = Discuss Feedback; DP = Discussion Paper; DPD = Decide Project Direction; ED = Exposure Draft; FA = Final Amendment; PS = Practice Statement; RFI = Request for Information; RR = Review Research; TADF = Tentative Agenda Decision Feedback.

<a href="https://www.ifrs.org/projects/work-plan/">https://www.ifrs.org/projects/work-plan/</a>

## Alignment Status:

The size of the circle reflects its relative importance to the public sector: big circle—more important; small circle—less important.

Impacts on a current IPSAS/RPG.

Will be addressed in IPSASB's active project.

Not in the current IPSASB work plan.

Not relevant to IPSAS.

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered
Presentation	on of Finan	cial State	IPSAS 1 requires the presentation of a statement showing all changes in	Active Alignment Project
(Revised December 2006)	(Revised December 2003)		<ul> <li>net assets/equity.</li> <li>IPSAS 1 does not explicitly preclude the presentation of items of revenue and expense as extraordinary items, either on the face of the statement of financial performance or in the notes.</li> <li>IPSAS 1 uses different terminology.</li> </ul>	Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statement replaces IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements  All IASB pronouncements listed in the left column that are related to IAS 1 are being considered in the IPSASB Presentation of Financial Statements
		<u>(</u>	During the development of the Conceptual Framework the IPSASB decided not to include "other resources" and "other obligations" as elements of financial statements (see paragraphs BC5.48–BC5.56 of the Conceptual Framework). Therefore, transactions where the IASB uses the term "other comprehensive income" in IPSASB literature is presented in net assets/equity.  March 2007 – Consequential amendments from Revised IAS 23 Borrowing Costs	project.
			September 2007 – IAS 1 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i> – Revised version of IAS 1 which includes the notion of comprehensive income that was not adopted in IPSAS 1.	
			May 2010 – Improvements to IFRSs  June 2011 – Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income (Amendments to IAS 1)  June 2014 – Consequential amendments from Agriculture: Bearer Plants (Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41)  December 2014 – Disclosure Initiative (Amendments to IAS 1)  January 2016 – Consequential amendments from Disclosure Initiative (Amendments to IAS 7)	
			January 2016 – Consequential amendments from IFRS 16, Leases  October 2018 – Definition of Material (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8)  February 2021 – Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2)	

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered	
Cash Flow	Statements				
IPSAS 2 (May 2000)	IAS 7 (December 1992)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 2 contains a different set of definitions.</li> <li>IPSAS 2 encourages disclosure of a reconciliation of surplus or deficit to operating cash flows in the notes to the financial statements.</li> <li>IPSAS 2 uses different terminology.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statement (Consequential amendments)  Improvements to IPSAS, 2025  May 2023 – Supplier Finance Arrangements (Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7)	
			March 2007 – Consequential amendments from Revised IAS 23 Borrowing Costs  September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements	Presentation – No Active Alignment Project  Consequential amendments from IFRS 8 Operating Segments.	
<u>Accounting</u>	<u> Policies, C</u>	<u>Changes</u>	in Accounting Estimates and Errors		
IPSAS 3 (Revised December 2006)	(Revised December 2003)			<ul> <li>IPSAS 3 contains a different set of definitions of technical terms from IAS 8.</li> <li>IPSAS 3 does not require disclosures about adjustments to basic or diluted earnings per share.</li> <li>IPSAS 3 uses different terminology.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)
			March 2007 – Consequential amendments from Revised IAS 23 Borrowing Costs  September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements	October 2018 – Definition of Material (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8)  Measurement—Application Phase project: February 2021 – Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS  No Active Alignment Project  N/A	

			Table 5 – IPSAS and Equivalent II	FRS—Detail
IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered
The Effect	s of Change	s in For	eign Exchange Rates	
IPSAS 4	IAS 21		IPSAS 4 uses different terminology.	Active Alignment Project
(Revised	(Revised		September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of	Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered
April 2008)	2003 and amended in		Financial Statements	Presentation of Financial Statements project:
	2005) <b>IFRIC 22</b>		June 2011 – Consequential amendments from <i>Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income</i> (Amendments to IAS 1)	<b>April 2024 –</b> IFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statemen</i> (Consequential amendments)
	(Amended up to June			Improvements to IPSAS, 2025:
	2018)			August 2023 – Lack of Exchangeability (Amendments to IAS 21)
IPSAS 5 (May 2000)	IAS 23 (Revised December 1993)		IPSAS 5 uses different terminology.  March 2007 – Revised IAS 23 Borrowing Costs that eliminated the option of immediate recognition of borrowing costs as an expense.  May 2008 – Improvements to IFRSs  June 2014 – Consequential amendments from Agriculture: Bearer Plants (Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41)	Fully updated.
Financial F	Reporting in	Hyperin	flationary Economies	
IPSAS 10 (July 2001)	IAS 29 (Reformatted 1994)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 10 does not include guidance on the restatement of current financial statements.</li> <li>IPSAS 10 uses different terminology.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:
			September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i> May 2008 – <i>Improvements to IFRSs</i>	April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statement (Consequential amendments)

<u></u>				Significance of Bolovent IEBS Amondments not					
IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered					
Inventories	<u>.</u>								
IPSAS 12 (Revised December 2006)	IAS 2 (Revised December 2003)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 12 requires that where inventories are acquired through a non-exchange transaction, their cost is their fair value as at the date of acquisition.</li> <li>IPSAS 12 requires that where inventories are provided at no charge or for a nominal charge, they are to be valued at the lower of cost and current replacement cost.</li> <li>IPSAS 12 uses different terminology.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)  Presentation – No Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  November 2006 – IFRS 8 Operating Segments (Consequential amendments)					
Events Aft	er the Repo	rting Dat	<u>te</u>						
IPSAS 14 (Revised December 2006)	IAS 10 (Revised December 2003)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 14 uses different terminology and different title.</li> <li>IPSAS 14 notes that where the going concern assumption is no longer appropriate, judgment is required in determining the impact of this change on the carrying value of assets and liabilities recognized in the financial statements (paragraph 22).</li> <li>September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statement (Consequential amendments)  October 2018 – Definition of Material (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 (Consequential amendments)					
Investmen	t Property								
(Revised December 2006)	(Revised December 2003)	•	<ul> <li>IPSAS 16 requires that investment property initially be measured at cost and specifies that where an asset is acquired for no cost or for a nominal cost, its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.</li> <li>IPSAS 16 uses different terminology.</li> <li>September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)					

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant IFRS Amendments not yet
Segment R	<u>eporting</u>			Considered
IPSAS 18 (June 2002)	IAS 14 (Revised 1997)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 18 defines segments differently from IAS 14.</li> <li>IPSAS 18 does not require the disclosure of segment result. IPSAS 18 encourages, but does not require, the disclosure of significant non-cash revenues that are included in segment revenue, segment depreciation, and other non-cash expenses or segment cash flows as required by IPSAS 2, Cash Flow Statements.</li> <li>IPSAS 18 uses different terminology.</li> <li>September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements</li> <li>February 2021 – Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2)</li> </ul>	No Active Alignment Project  November 2006 – IFRS 8 Operating Segments replaces IAS 14 Segment Reporting
Provisions.	Continger	nt Liabilit	ties and Contingent Assets	
(October 2002)	IAS 37 (September 1998)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 19 uses different terminology.</li> <li>The scope of IPSAS 19 clarifies that it does not apply to provisions and contingent liabilities arising from social benefits provided by an entity for which it does not receive consideration that is approximately equal to the value of the goods and services provided directly in return from recipients of those benefits. However, if the entity elects to recognize provisions for social benefits, IPSAS 19 requires certain disclosures in this respect.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statemer (Consequential amendments)  October 2018 – Definition of Material (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8) (Consequential amendments)
			September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of	(,

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant IFRS Amendments not yet  Considered
Related Pa	rty Disclos	<u>ures</u>		
IPSAS 20 (October	IAS 24 (Reformatted		IPSAS 20 uses different terminology and has a different scope and structure.	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered
2002)	1994)			Presentation of Financial Statements project:
				April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)
			<b>September 2007</b> – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i>	No Active Alignment Project  November 2009 – Revised IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
<u>Impairmen</u>	t of Non-Ca	sh-Gene	rating Assets	
IPSAS 21	IAS 36		IPSAS 19 uses different terminology.	Active Alignment Project
(December 2004)	(Revised March 2004)	•	<ul> <li>IPSAS 21 deals with the impairment of non-cash-generating assets of public sector entities, while IAS 36 deals with the impairment of cash- generating assets of profit-oriented entities. IPSAS 26 deals with the impairment of cash-generating assets of public sector entities.</li> </ul>	Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Measurement – Application Phase project:  Fully updated.
				Presentation – No Active Alignment Project
			<b>September 2007</b> – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i>	Consequential amendments from IFRS 8 Operating Segments.
Disclosure	of Financia	al Inform	ation about the General Government Sector	
IPSAS 22 (December 2006)	-		Not applicable.	Not applicable.
<u>Presentation</u>	on of Budge	et Inform	ation in Financial Statements	
IPSAS 24 (December	-		Not applicable.	Not applicable.

			Table 5 – IPSAS and Equivalent IF	RS—Detail
IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered
<u>Impairmen</u>	t of Cash-G	eneratin	g Assets	
IPSAS 26 (February 2008)	IAS 36 (Revised March 2004)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 26 uses different terminology.</li> <li>In IPSAS 26, a forced sale is not a reflection of fair value less costs to sell.</li> <li>IPSAS 26 includes requirements and guidance dealing with the redesignation of assets from cash-generating to non-cash-generating and non-cash-generating to cash-generating.</li> </ul> September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)  Presentation – No Active Alignment Project  Consequential amendments from IFRS 8 Operating Segments.
Agriculture	•		Financial Statements	
IPSAS 27 (December 2009)	IAS 41 (Amended December 2008)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 27 uses different terminology.</li> <li>The definition of "agricultural activity includes transactions for the distribution of biological assets at no charge or for nominal amount.</li> <li>The scope section clarifies that biological assets held for the provision or supply of services are not addressed in this Standard.</li> <li>IPSAS 27 contains requirements for the measurement at initial recognition, and at each reporting date, of biological assets acquired through a non-exchange transaction.</li> <li>September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)

IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered
nstruments	: Presen	<u>tation</u>	
IAS 32 (Amended up to December 2008) IFRIC 2 (Amended up to July 2014)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 28 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 28 contains additional Application Guidance on when assets and liabilities arising from non-exchange revenue transactions are financial assets or financial liabilities.</li> <li>IPSAS 28 contains additional Application Guidance dealing with the identification of arrangements that are, in substance, contractual.</li> <li>September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements</li> <li>June 2011 – Consequential amendments Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income (Amendments to IAS 1)</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)
nstruments	: Recoar	nition and Measurement	
IAS 39 (Amended up to December 2008) IFRIC 16 (Amended up to May		<ul> <li>IPSAS 29 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 29 contains additional application guidance to deal with concessionary loans and financial guarantee contracts entered into at nil or nominal consideration.</li> <li>Principles from IFRIC 9, Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives and IFRIC 16 Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation have been included as authoritative appendices to IPSAS 29.</li> </ul>	Fully updated.
	IAS 32 (Amended up to December 2008) IFRIC 2 (Amended up to July 2014)  IAS 39 (Amended up to December 2008) IFRIC 16 (Amended (Amended Up to December 2008)	IAS 32 (Amended up to December 2008) IFRIC 2 (Amended up to July 2014)  IAS 39 (Amended up to December 2008) IFRIC 16 (Amended up to December 2008) IFRIC 16 (Amended up to May	<ul> <li>(Amended up to December 2008)</li> <li>IFRIC 2 (Amended up to July 2014)</li> <li>IPSAS 28 contains additional Application Guidance on when assets and liabilities arising from non-exchange revenue transactions are financial assets or financial liabilities.</li> <li>IPSAS 28 contains additional Application Guidance dealing with the identification of arrangements that are, in substance, contractual.</li> <li>September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements         June 2011 – Consequential amendments Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income (Amendments to IAS 1)     </li> <li>IAS 39         (Amended up to December 2008)         IFRIC 16         (Amended up to May     </li> <li>IFRIC 16 Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation have been included as authoritative appendices to IPSAS 29.</li> </ul>

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered
Financial II	<u>nstruments</u>	: Disclos	<u>sure</u>	
(January 2010)	IFRS 7 (Amended up to April 2009)		IPSAS 30 uses different terminology.     IPSAS 30 contains requirements related to concessionary loans.  September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements  June 2011 – Consequential amendments from Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income (Amendments to IAS 1)  December 2014 – Consequential amendments from Disclosure Initiative (Amendments to IAS 1)  February 2021 – Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2)	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)  Improvements to IPSAS, 2025  May 2024 – Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)  May 2023 – Supplier Finance Arrangements (Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7)
Intangible .	<u>Assets</u>			
(January 2010)	IAS 38 (Amended up to December 2008) SIC 32 (Issued in March 2002)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 31 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 31 includes a scope exclusion for the powers and rights conferred by legislation, a constitution, or by equivalent means.</li> <li>IPSAS 31 does not require or prohibit the recognition of intangible heritage assets.</li> <li>March 2007 – Consequential amendments from Revised IAS 23 Borrowing Costs</li> <li>September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered
Service Co	ncession A	<u>rrangem</u>	ents: Grantor	
(October 2011)	(Amended up to November 2013) SIC 29 (Amended up to November 2006)	•	<ul> <li>IPSAS 33 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 32 is applied to the grantor and IFRIC 12 Service Concession Arrangements is applied to the operator.</li> </ul>	Fully updated.
-irst-time /	Adoption of	Accrual	Basis IPSASs	
(January 2015)	IFRS 1 (Amended up to June 2017)		IPSAS 33 uses different terminology.     IPSAS 33 has different structure and requirements compared to IFRS 1.      March 2007 – Consequential amendments from Revised IAS 23 Borrowing Costs      September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements      June 2011 – Consequential amendments from Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income (Amendments to IAS 1)      May 2021 – Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statemen (Consequential amendments)  Improvements to IPSAS, 2025:  August 2023 – Consequential amendments from Lack of Exchangeability (Amendments to IAS 21)
<u>Separate F</u>	inancial Sta	ntements		
PSAS 34 (January 2015)	(Amended up to December 2014)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 34 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 34 contains specific requirements for a controlling entity that is not itself an investment entity, but which has an investment in a controlled investment entity.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered
<u>Consolidat</u>	ed Financi	al Statem	<u>ients</u>	
(January 2015)	IFRS 10 (Amended up to December 2014)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 35 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 35 defines the term "binding arrangement".</li> <li>IPSAS 35 contains more guidance on non-financial benefits.</li> <li>IPSAS 35 does not require that a controlling entity, that is not itself an investment entity, shall consolidate all controlled entities.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statement (Consequential amendments)
nvestmen	ts in Assoc	iates and	1 Joint Ventures	
IPSAS 36 (January 2015)	(Amended up to December 2014)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 36 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 36 applies to all investments where the investor has a quantifiable ownership interest. IAS 28 (Amended in 2011) does not contain a similar requirement.</li> <li>Where an entity is precluded by IPSAS 29 from measuring the retained interest in a former associate or joint venture at fair value, IPSAS 36 permits an entity to use carrying amount as the cost on initial recognition of the financial asset.</li> <li>September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)
			December 2016 – Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014–2016 Cycle	
Joint Arrar	<u>igements</u>			
(January 2015)	IFRS 11 (Amended up December 2014)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 37 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 35 defines the term "binding arrangement".</li> <li>IPSAS 37 contains additional illustrative examples that reflect the public sector context.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant IFRS Amendments not yet  Considered
<u>Disclosure</u>	of Interest	in Othe	<u>r Entities</u>	
(January 2015)	IFRS 12 (Amended up December 2014)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 38 uses different terminology.</li> <li>The definition of a structured entity in IPSAS 38 acknowledges the differing ways in which control may be obtained in the public sector.</li> <li>IPSAS 38 requires that a controlling entity that controls an investment entity, and is not itself an investment entity, disclose information in respect of unconsolidated investment entities.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statement (Consequential amendments)
<b>Employee</b>	Benefits			
IPSAS 39 (July 2016)	(Amended up December 2015)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 39 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 39 contains additional guidance on public sector bonus plans.</li> <li>In IPSAS 39 entities apply a rate that reflects the time value of money.</li> <li>September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statement (Consequential amendments)
Public Sec	tor Combin	ations		
IPSAS 40 (January 2017)	IFRS 3 (Amended up to December 2015)	FRS 3  • IPSAS 40 scope.  up to excember 2015)  • IPSAS 40	<ul> <li>IPSAS 40 uses different terminology and has a different structure and scope.</li> <li>IPSAS 40 classifies certain combinations as amalgamations.</li> <li>IPSAS 40 contains additional guidance on public sector specific transactions, for example tax forgiveness.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)
				No Active Alignment Project  Potential Narrow Scope Amendments to IPSAS  October 2018 – Definition of a Business (Amendments to IFRS 3)  May 2020 – Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments to

			Table 5 – IPSAS and Equivalent If	RS—Detail	
IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant IFRS Amendments not yet  Considered	
<u>Financial Instruments</u>					
IPSAS 41 (July 2018)	IFRS 9 (Amended up to December 2015) IFRIC 16 (Amended up to July 2014) IFRIC 19 (Amended up to March 2018)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 41 contains additional application guidance to deal with concessionary loans, financial guarantee contracts entered into at nil or nominal consideration, equity instruments arising from non-exchange transactions and fair value measurement.</li> <li>In certain instances, IPSAS 41 uses different terminology from IFRS 9. The most significant examples are the use of the terms "statement of financial performance" and "net assets/equity." The equivalent terms in IFRS 9 are "statement of comprehensive income or separate income statement (if presented)" and "equity."</li> <li>IPSAS 41 does not distinguish between "revenue" and "income." IFRS 9 distinguishes between "revenue" and "income," with "income" having a broader meaning than the term "revenue."</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments) Improvements to IPSAS, 2025  May 2024 – Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)	
			<b>December 2021</b> – Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9—Comparative Information		
Social Ben	<u>efits</u>				
IPSAS 42 (January 2019)	-		Not applicable.	Not applicable.	

			Considered
IFRS 16 (January 2016)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 43 uses different terminology from IFRS 16. For example, IPSAS 43 uses the terms "revenue", "operation", "accumulated surpluses/(deficits)" and "segment", while IFRS 16 uses the terms "income", "business unit", "retained earnings" and "business segment', respectively.</li> <li>IPSAS 43 refers to both "economic benefits" and "service potential", where appropriate, in the section on identifying a lease, while IFRS 16 refers only to "economic benefits".</li> <li>IPSAS 43 does not include specific requirements for manufacturer or dealer lessors, whereas IFRS 16 does.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statement (Consequential amendments)
	(January	(January	(January 2016)  IPSAS 43 uses the terms "revenue", "operation", "accumulated surpluses/(deficits)" and "segment", while IFRS 16 uses the terms "income", "business unit", "retained earnings" and "business segment', respectively.  IPSAS 43 refers to both "economic benefits" and "service potential", where appropriate, in the section on identifying a lease, while IFRS 16 refers only to "economic benefits".  IPSAS 43 does not include specific requirements for manufacturer or

IPSAS 44 (April 2022)	IFRS 5 (March 2004)	<ul> <li>IPSAS 44 requires disclosure in the notes of the fair value of a non-current asset (or disposal group) classified as held for sale if fair value is materially different to the carrying amount;</li> <li>IPSAS 44 replaces the IFRS 5 definition of a cash-generating unit with the definition of a cash-generating unit defined in IPSAS 26, Impairment of Cash-Generating Assets;</li> <li>IPSAS 44 acknowledges that public sector combinations differ from business combinations and can be either an acquisition or an amalgamation. Therefore, IPSAS 44 requires assets acquired in a public sector amalgamation that are to immediately be classified as held for sale to be measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell; and</li> <li>IPSAS 44 uses different terminology in certain instances from IFRS 5. The most significant examples are the use of the terms "operation", "public sector combination", "revenue", "owner", "controlling entity" and "controlled entity". The equivalent terms in IFRS 5 are "business", "business combination", "income", "shareholder", "parent" and "subsidiary".</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)
		September 2007 – Consequential amendments from IAS 1 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i>	

RPG	PS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant PS Amendments not yet Considered
Property, F	Plant, and E	quipmen	<u>t</u>	
PSAS 45 (May 2023)	IAS 16 (Revised December 2003)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 45 refers to both "economic benefits" and "service potential", where appropriate, in the section on recognition of an item of property, plant, and equipment, while IAS 16 refers to "economic benefits".</li> <li>IPSAS 45 at initial measurement requires that an item of property, plant, and equipment acquired through a non-exchange transaction be measured at its deemed cost (fair value). IAS 16 does not have such a requirement.</li> <li>The subsequent measurement models in IPSAS 45 are historical cost and current value models, while in IAS 16 the models are cost and revaluation.</li> <li>IPSAS 45 for subsequent measurement has two measurement bases in the current value model - current operational value and fair value. IAS 16 revaluation model has only one measurement basis - fair value.</li> <li>Under IPSAS 45 revaluation increases and decreases are offset within a class of assets basis, while in IAS 16 are offset on an asset basis.</li> <li>IPSAS 45 has disclosure requirements for unrecognized heritage assets, while IAS 16 does not have such a requirement.</li> <li>IPSAS 45 does not require the disclosure of the equivalent historical cost amounts, where an entity adopts the current value model and carries items of property, plant, and equipment at revalued amounts, while IAS 16 does.</li> <li>IPSAS 45 requires the disclosure of the sum of all revaluations, surpluses and deficits for individual items of property, plant, and equipment within that class. IAS 16 does not have such a disclosure requirement.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statement (Consequential amendments)
<u>Measurem</u>	<u>ent</u>			
IPSAS 46 (May 2023)	IFRS 13 (January 2016)	•	<ul> <li>IPSAS 46 provides guidance on historical cost, current operational value, cost of fulfilment and fair value. IFRS 13 only provides guidance on fair value.</li> <li>IPSAS 46 requires an entity to apply the measurement disclosure requirements in the relevant IPSAS. IFRS 13 includes all disclosures about fair value measurement.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)

RPG	PS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant PS Amendments not yet Considered
<u>Revenue</u>				
IPSAS 47 (May 2023)	IFRS 15 (January 2016)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 47 applies to all revenue transactions in the public sector, which may arise from transactions with or without binding arrangements. IFRS 15 applies to a subset of binding arrangements, specifically contracts to deliver goods or services to customers.</li> <li>IPSAS 47 explicitly requires an entity to determine whether the revenue arises from a transaction with or without a binding arrangement. IFRS 15 does not explicitly require an entity to determine whether the revenue arises from a contract.</li> <li>IPSAS 47 uses the term "compliance obligation" as the unit of account for revenue recognition in a binding arrangement, which is a promise to either use resources internally for distinct goods or services, or to transfer distinct goods or services to another party (i.e., a purchaser or third-party beneficiary). IFRS 15 uses the term "performance obligation" as the unit of account for revenue recognition in a contract, which is a promise to transfer distinct goods or services to a customer.</li> <li>The concept of compliance obligations in IPSAS 47 is broader than performance obligations in IFRS 15. As a result, IAS 20, Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance is not applicable for public sector organizations because IPSAS 47 includes principles to account for capital transfers and other transfers arising from binding arrangements.</li> <li>IPSAS 47 requires an entity to disclose any transactions where it is compelled to satisfy an obligation, regardless of the counterparty's ability or intention to pay and the probability of collection of consideration. IFRS 15 does not require this disclosure.</li> <li>IPSAS 47 uses different terminology from IFRS 15. For example, IPSAS 47 uses the terms "compliance obligation", "resource provider", "stand-alone value", and "economic substance", while IFRS 15 uses the terms "performance obligation", "customer", "stand-alone selling price", and "commercial substance", respectively.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statement (Consequential amendments)

			Table 5 – IPSAS and Equivalent IF	RS—Detail
RPG	PS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant PS Amendments not yet Considered
Transfer E	<u>xpenses</u>			
IPSAS 48 (May 2023)			Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Retiremen	t Benefit Pla	ans		
IPSAS 49 (November 2023)	IAS 26 (April 2001)		<ul> <li>IPSAS 49 has different definitions, such as defined benefit plans and net assets available for benefits;</li> <li>IPSAS 49 requires the use of projected salaries only when measuring the actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits, while IAS 26 permits a choice of using current salary levels or projected salary levels; and</li> <li>IPSAS 49 requires the presentation of a cash flow statement for retirement benefit plans, while IAS 26 does not.</li> </ul>	Active Alignment Project  Non-significant IFRS Amendments not yet Considered  Presentation of Financial Statements project:  April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Consequential amendments)
Financial F	Reporting u	nder the	Cash Basis of Accounting	
Cash Basis IPSAS (November 2017)	-		Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Table 6 – RPG and Equivalent PS—Detail				
RPG	PS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Significance of Relevant PS Amendments not yet  Considered
Reporting on the Long-Term Sustainability of an Entity's Finances				
<b>RPG 1</b> (July 2013)	_		Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Financial S	Statement D	iscussio	on and Analysis	
<b>RPG 2</b> (July 2013)	PS 1 Managemen t Commentary		<ul> <li>RPG 2 uses different terminology.</li> <li>RPG 2 has different users.</li> <li>RPG 2 has different present identification, presentation and content of financial statement discussion and analysis.</li> <li>Staff note: The IPSASB decided it was important to develop guidance on financial statement discussion and analysis specific to the public sector because of different users of financial statements in the public sector.</li> <li>February 2021 – Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2)</li> </ul>	No current public sector amendments to consider. The IASB has an ongoing project on Management Commentary, which staff will monitor.
<u>Reporting</u>	Service Per	formanc	re Information	
RPG 3 (March 2015)	-		Not applicable.	Not applicable.