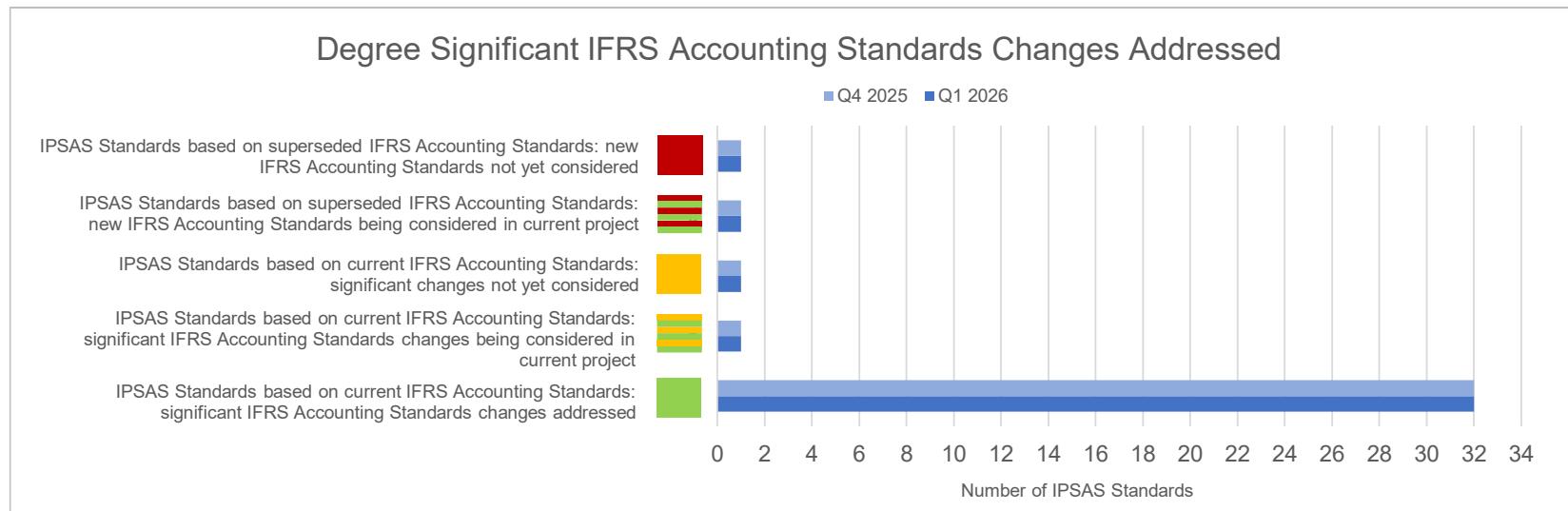
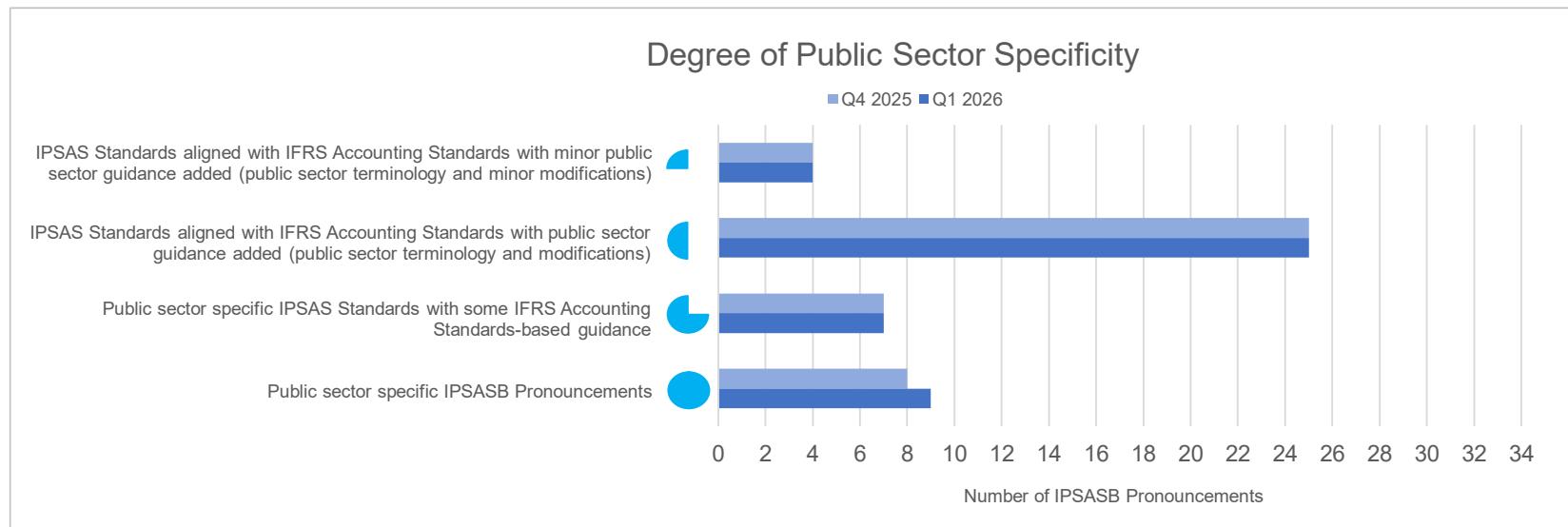


## IPSAS Accounting Standards–IFRS Accounting Standards Alignment Overview



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## Alignment Impact of Key Changes Since Q4 2025

## IPSASB Pronouncements:

- January 2026 – [IPSAS 51, Tangible Natural Resources Held for Conservation](#)

## IASB Pronouncements:

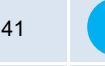
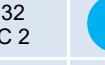
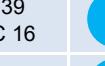
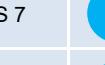
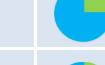
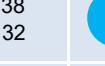
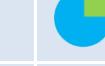
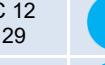
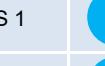
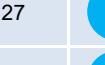
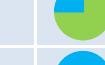
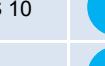
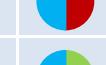
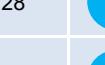
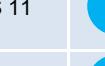
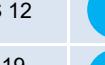
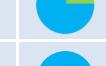
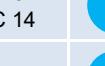
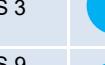
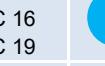
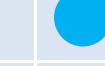
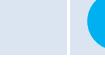
- November 2025 – [Disclosures about Uncertainties in the Financial Statements—Illustrative Examples](#)
- November 2025 – [Translation to a Hyperinflationary Presentation Currency \(Amendments to IAS 21\)](#)

<sup>1</sup> The term 'alignment' refers to the formal processes the IPSASB<sup>®</sup> follows to assess the applicability of IFRS<sup>®</sup> Accounting Standards and/or GFS requirements when developing pronouncements that faithfully represent the economic substance of transactions in the public sector. Through these processes, the IPSASB aims to reduce unnecessary differences with these sources of guidance when they can also be applied in the public sector context. Outstanding presentation-related consequential amendments do not impact IFRS Accounting Standards alignment categorization.

<sup>2</sup> Staff assessment

**Key:** IPSAS<sup>®</sup> = International Public Sector Accounting Standard<sup>TM</sup>; RPG<sup>TM</sup> = Recommended Practice Guidelines; IFRIC<sup>®</sup> = International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee; IFRS<sup>®</sup> = International Financial Reporting Standard; IAS<sup>®</sup> = International Accounting Standard; PS = Practice Statement

**Table 1 – Alignment Between IPSAS Accounting Standards/RPG Guidelines and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards/Practice Statements—Summary**

IPSAS Accounting Standards	IFRS Accounting Standards	Status	IPSAS Accounting Standards	IFRS Accounting Standards	Status	IPSAS Accounting Standards	IFRS Accounting Standards	Status
<a href="#">1. Presentation of Financial Statements</a>	IAS 1		<a href="#">27. Agriculture</a>	IAS 41		<a href="#">43. Leases</a>	IFRS 16	
<a href="#">2. Cash Flow Statements</a>	IAS 7		<a href="#">28. Financial Instruments: Presentation</a>	IAS 32 IFRIC 2		<a href="#">44. Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations</a>	IFRS 5	
<a href="#">3. Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors</a>	IAS 8		<a href="#">29. Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement</a>	IAS 39 IFRIC 16		<a href="#">45. Property, Plant, and Equipment</a>	IAS 16	
<a href="#">4. The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates</a>	IAS 21 IFRIC 22		<a href="#">30. Financial Instruments: Disclosures</a>	IFRS 7		<a href="#">46. Measurement</a>	IFRS 13	
<a href="#">5. Borrowing Costs</a>	IAS 23		<a href="#">31. Intangible Assets</a>	IAS 38 SIC 32		<a href="#">47. Revenue</a>	IFRS 15 IAS 20 SIC 10	
<a href="#">10. Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies</a>	IAS 29 IFRIC 7		<a href="#">32. Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor</a>	IFRIC 12 SIC 29		<a href="#">48. Transfer Expenses</a>	-	
<a href="#">12. Inventories</a>	IAS 2 IFRIC 20		<a href="#">33. First-time Adoption of Accrual Basis IPSAS Standards</a>	IFRS 1		<a href="#">49. Retirement Benefit Plans</a>	IAS 26	
<a href="#">14. Events after the Reporting Date</a>	IAS 10		<a href="#">34. Separate Financial Statements</a>	IAS 27		<a href="#">50. Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources</a>	IFRS 6	
<a href="#">16. Investment Property</a>	IAS 40		<a href="#">35. Consolidated Financial Statements</a>	IFRS 10		<a href="#">51. Tangible Natural Resources Held for Conservation</a>	-	
<a href="#">18. Segment Reporting</a>	IAS 14		<a href="#">36. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures</a>	IAS 28				
<a href="#">19. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets</a>	IAS 37 IFRIC 1 IFRIC 5		<a href="#">37. Joint Arrangements</a>	IFRS 11				
<a href="#">20. Related Party Disclosures</a>	IAS 24		<a href="#">38. Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities</a>	IFRS 12		<a href="#">Financial Reporting under the Cash Basis of Accounting</a>	-	
<a href="#">21. Impairment of Non-Cash-Generating Assets</a>	IAS 36		<a href="#">39. Employee Benefits</a>	IAS 19 IFRIC 14		<b>RPG Guidelines</b>	Practice Statements	Status
<a href="#">22. Disclosure of Financial Information about the General Government Sector</a>	-		<a href="#">40. Public Sector Combinations</a>	IFRS 3		<a href="#">RPG 1. Reporting on the Long-Term Sustainability of an Entity's Finances</a>	-	
<a href="#">24. Presentation of Budget Information in Financial Statements</a>	-		<a href="#">41. Financial Instruments</a>	IFRS 9 IFRIC 16 IFRIC 19		<a href="#">RPG 2. Financial Statement Discussion and Analysis</a>	PS 1	
<a href="#">26. Impairment of Cash-Generating Assets</a>	IAS 36		<a href="#">42. Social Benefits</a>	-		<a href="#">RPG 3. Reporting Service Performance Information</a>	-	

**Table 2 – IFRS Accounting Standards/Practice Statements with no Equivalent IPSAS Accounting Standards/RPG Guidelines<sup>1</sup>**

IFRS Accounting Standards	Status	Comments	IAS Standards / Practice Statements	Status	Comments
IFRS 2 <i>Share-based Payment</i>		Entities reporting on IPSAS Standards generally do not give share-based payment compensation.	IAS 12 <i>Income Taxes</i>		Entities reporting on IPSAS Standards generally do not pay income taxes.
IFRS 14 <i>Regulatory Deferral Accounts</i>		Limited relevance in many jurisdictions.	IAS 33 <i>Earnings per Share</i>		Public sector entities generally do not issue equity.
IFRS 17 <i>Insurance Contracts</i>		Option to use IFRS 17 directly included in IPSAS 42, <i>Social Benefits</i> .	IAS 34 <i>Interim Financial Reporting</i>		Limited interest given current priority to get governments onto accrual-based end year reporting.
IFRS 19 <i>Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures</i>		The IPSASB decided not to develop an IPSAS Standard based on IFRS 19 consistent with the decision on Differential Reporting. See <a href="#">Differential Reporting: Feedback Statement</a> .	Practice Statement 2: <i>Making Materiality Judgements</i>		Considered in the IPSASB's project on <i>Making Materiality Judgements</i> . IPSASB staff issued <a href="#">Questions and Answers on Materiality</a> .
IFRS for SMEs		The IPSASB decided that developing the 'Navigating IPSAS' tool would better meet diverse public sector needs. See <a href="#">Differential Reporting: Feedback Statement</a> .			

<sup>1</sup> Staff assessment

**Alignment Status:**

- Being addressed in an active/committed IPSASB project.
- IPSASB pre-committed project to start when resources are available.
- Not in current IPSASB work plan.
- Not relevant in public sector.

Table 3 – IFRIC/SIC Interpretations not Addressed by IPSAS Accounting Standards/RPG Guidelines

IFRIC Interpretations	Status	Comments	SIC Interpretations	Status	Comments
IFRIC 6, <i>Liabilities arising from Participating in a Specific Market—Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment</i>		Entities reporting on IPSAS Standards generally are not producers of electrical and electronic equipment for household use.	SIC-7, <i>Introduction of the Euro</i>		To be considered further for broader application to other monetary unions in the public sector.
IFRIC 10, <i>Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment</i>		To only be considered if the IPSASB develops an aligned IPSAS Standard with IAS 34 (see IAS 34 in Table 2).	SIC-25, <i>Income Taxes—Changes in the Tax Status of an Entity or its Shareholders</i>		Entities reporting on IPSAS Standards generally do not pay income taxes.
IFRIC 17, <i>Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners</i>		An IPSASB's Preliminary View in the Consultation Paper, <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i> is that entities reporting on IPSAS Standards generally do not have the transactions that would be in the scope of this Interpretation.			
IFRIC 21, <i>Levies</i>		To be considered after the IASB completes its <i>Provisions – Targeted Improvements</i> project.			
IFRIC 23, <i>Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments</i>		Entities reporting on IPSAS Standards generally do not pay income taxes.			

**Alignment Status:**

- Being addressed in an active/committed IPSASB project.
- Not in current IPSASB work plan.
- Not relevant in public sector.

**Table 4 – Overview of IASB Work Plan (updated on February 4, 2026)**

Standard-Setting Projects					Maintenance Projects						
Title	Status	Publication Date	IFRS / PS	IPSAS / RPG	Title	Status	Publication Date	IFRS / PS	IPSAS / RPG		
<a href="#">Amortised Cost Measurement</a>		ED	H2 / 2026	IFRS 9	IPSAS 41	<a href="#">Amendments to the Fair Value Option (IAS 28)</a>		ED	02 / 2026	IAS 28	IPSAS 36
<a href="#">Business Combinations—Disclosures, Goodwill and Impairment</a>		DPD	H2 / 2026	IFRS 3 IAS 36	IPSAS 21 IPSAS 26 IPSAS 40	<a href="#">Provisions—Targeted Improvements</a>		DPD	03 / 2026	IFRIC 6 CF IAS 37 IFRIC 21	- CF IPSAS 19 -
<a href="#">Equity Method</a>		DPD	03 / 2026	IAS 28	IPSAS 36						
<a href="#">Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Equity</a>		FA	H2 / 2026	IAS 1 IFRS 18 CF IAS 32 IFRS 7	IPSAS 1 - CF IPSAS 28 IPSAS 41						
<a href="#">Rate-regulated Activities</a>		IFRS Accounting Standard	Q2 / 2026	IFRS 14	-						
<a href="#">Risk Mitigating Accounting</a>		ED Feedback	Q3 / 2026	IFRS 9	IPSAS 41						
<a href="#">Statement of Cash Flows and Related Matters</a>		ED	2027	IAS 7	IPSAS 2						

**Table 4 – Overview of IASB Work Plan (updated on February 4, 2026)**

Research Projects						Application Questions					
Title	Status	Publication Date		IFRS / PS	IPSAS / RPG	Title	Status	Publication Date		IFRS / PS	IPSAS / RPG
<u>Intangible Assets</u>		DPD	H2 / 2026	IAS 38	IPSAS 31	<a href="#">Assessment of a Specified Main Business Activity for the purposes of the Separate Financial Statements of a Parent (IFRS 18)</a>		TADF	03 / 2026		
<u>Post-implementation Review of IFRS 16 Leases</u>		RFIF	02 / 2026	IFRS 16	IPSAS 43	<a href="#">Classification of a Foreign Exchange Difference from an Intragroup Monetary Liability (or Asset) (IFRS 18)</a>		TADF	03 / 2026	IFRS 18 IFRS 10 IAS 21	IPSAS 35 IPSAS 4
<u>Post-implementation Review of IFRS 9—Hedge Accounting</u>		RFI	H2 / 2026	IAS 7	IPSAS 2	<a href="#">Classification of Gains and Losses on a Derivative Managing a Foreign Currency Exposure (IFRS 18)</a>		TADF	03 / 2026	IFRS 9	IPSAS 41
						<a href="#">Economic Benefits from Use of a Battery under an Offtake Arrangement (IFRS 16)</a>		TADF	03 / 2026	IFRS 16	IPSAS 43
						<a href="#">Fair Presentation and Compliance with IFRS Accounting Standards (IAS 1)</a>		TADF	03 / 2026		
						<a href="#">Presentation of Taxes or Other Charges that are Not Income Taxes within the Scope of IAS 12 Income Taxes (IFRS 18)</a>		TADF	03 / 2026		
						<a href="#">Scope of the Requirement to Disclose Expenses by Nature (IFRS 18)</a>		TADF	03 / 2026		
						<a href="#">Updates to Committee's agenda decisions for IFRS 18</a>		TADF	03 / 2026	-	-

**Key:** CM = Core Model; CF = Conceptual Framework; DF = Discuss Feedback; DP = Discussion Paper; DPD = Decide Project Direction; ED = Exposure Draft; FA = Final Amendment; PS = Practice Statement; RFI = Request for Information; RFIF = Request for Information Feedback; RR = Review Research; TAD = Tentative Agenda Decision; TADF = Tentative Agenda Decision Feedback.

<https://www.ifrs.org/projects/work-plan/>

**Alignment Status:**

The size of the circle reflects its relative importance to the public sector: big circle—more important; small circle—less important.

- Impacts on a current IPSAS/RPG.
- Will be addressed in IPSASB's active project.
- Not in the current IPSASB work plan.
- Not relevant to IPSAS.

Table 5 – IPSAS Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail (updated on February 4, 2026)

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<u><a href="#">Presentation of Financial Statements</a></u>				
IPSAS 1	IAS 1		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 1 requires the presentation of a statement showing all changes in net assets/equity.</li> <li>IPSAS 1 provides IPSAS 5 as an example of required disclosure of particular accounting policies chosen by management allowed in IPSAS, while in IAS 1 there no such example of Standard related to IAS 23.</li> <li>IPSAS 1 does not explicitly preclude the presentation of items of revenue and expense as extraordinary items, either on the face of the statement of financial performance or in the notes.</li> <li>IPSAS 1 uses different terminology.</li> </ul> <p><b>Significant IFRS Changes Not Yet Considered</b></p> <p><b>September 2007</b> – IAS 1 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i> – Revised version of IAS 1 which includes the notion of comprehensive income that was not adopted in IPSAS 1.</p> <p><b>May 2010</b> – <i>Improvements to IFRSs</i></p> <p><b>June 2011</b> – <i>Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income</i> (Amendments to IAS 1)</p> <p><b>June 2014</b> – <i>Agriculture: Bearer Plants</i> (Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41) (Consequential amendments)</p> <p><b>December 2014</b> – <i>Disclosure Initiative</i> (Amendments to IAS 1)</p> <p><b>January 2016</b> – <i>Disclosure Initiative</i> (Amendments to IAS 7) (Consequential amendments)</p> <p><b>January 2016</b> – IFRS 16, <i>Leases</i> (Consequential amendments)</p> <p><b>February 2021</b> – <i>Disclosure of Accounting Policies</i> (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) (Consequential amendments)</p> <p><b>April 2024</b> – IFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i> replaces IAS 1 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i></p> <p><b>November 2025</b> – Disclosures about Uncertainties in the Financial Statements—Illustrative Examples</p> <p>All IASB pronouncements listed that are related to IAS 1 are being considered in the IPSASB <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i> project.</p>	-

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><u>Cash Flow Statements</u></b>				
IPSAS 2	IAS 7		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 2 contains a different set of definitions.</li> <li>Under IPSAS 2, the total amount of interest paid during a period is disclosed in the cash flow statement, whether it has been recognized as an expense in the statement of financial performance or capitalized in accordance with the allowed alternative treatment in IPSAS 5, while under IAS 7 the capitalization of interest in accordance with IAS 23 is not an allowed alternative treatment as it is the only treatment available.</li> <li>IPSAS 2 encourages disclosure of a reconciliation of surplus or deficit to operating cash flows in the notes to the financial statements.</li> <li>IPSAS 2 uses different terminology.</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>January 2016 – Disclosure Initiative</b> (Amendments to IAS 7) <b>April 2024 –</b> Consequential amendments from IFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i> <b>Improvements to IPSAS Accounting Standards – Volume 10:</b> <b>July 2024 – Annual Improvements</b> (IFRS Accounting Standards) – Volume 11 <b>May 2023 – Supplier Finance Arrangements</b> (Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7)
				<b>No Active Alignment Project</b> <b>November 2006 – IFRS 8 Operating Segments</b> (Consequential amendments)
<b><u>Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors</u></b>				
IPSAS 3	IAS 8		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 3 contains a different set of definitions of technical terms from IAS 8.</li> <li>IPSAS 3 contains implementation guidance on change in accounting policy with retrospective application related to the accounting policy option in IPSAS 5, while IAS 8 has deleted such example related to IAS 23.</li> <li>IPSAS 3 does not require disclosures about adjustments to basic or diluted earnings per share.</li> <li>IPSAS 3 uses different terminology.</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments) <b>November 2025 – Disclosures about Uncertainties in the Financial Statements—Illustrative Examples</b>

Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<u><a href="#">The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates</a></u>				
IPSAS 4	IAS 21 IFRIC 22		IPSAS 4 uses different terminology.  	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments) <b>November 2025 – Disclosures about Uncertainties in the Financial Statements—Illustrative Examples</b> <b>Improvements to IPSAS Accounting Standards – Volume 10:</b> <b>August 2023 – Lack of Exchangeability (Amendments to IAS 21)</b> <b>Improvements to IPSAS Accounting Standards – Volume 11:</b> <b>November 2025 – Translation to a Hyperinflationary Presentation Currency</b> (Amendments to IAS 21)
<u><a href="#">Borrowing Costs</a></u>				
IPSAS 5	IAS 23		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 5 has an accounting policy option of immediate recognition as an expense or capitalizing borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset, while IAS 23 requires only capitalization.</li> <li>IPSAS 5 does not have a scope exclusion related to borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset measured at fair value, for example a biological asset within the scope of IPSAS 27, <i>Agriculture</i>, while IAS 23 has such a scope exclusion with the same example related to IAS 41, <i>Agriculture</i>.</li> <li>IPSAS 5 uses different terminology.</li> </ul> 	-

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><i>Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies</i></b>				
IPSAS 10	IAS 29 IFRIC 7		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 10 does not include guidance on the restatement of current financial statements.</li> <li>IPSAS 10 uses different terminology.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i> (Consequential amendments)</b> <b>Improvements to IPSAS Accounting Standards – Volume 11:</b> <b>November 2025 – <i>Translation to a Hyperinflationary Presentation Currency</i> (Amendments to IAS 21)</b></p>
<b><i>Inventories</i></b>				
IPSAS 12	IAS 2 IFRIC 20		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 12 requires that where inventories are acquired through a non-exchange transaction, their cost is their fair value as at the date of acquisition.</li> <li>IPSAS 12 requires that where inventories are provided at no charge or for a nominal charge, they are to be valued at the lower of cost and current replacement cost.</li> <li>Principles from IFRIC 20 have been included as an authoritative appendix to IPSAS 12 with relevant public sector terminology changes. The IASB issues IFRIC interpretations as separate pronouncements.</li> <li>IPSAS 12 uses different terminology.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i> (Consequential amendments)</b></p> <p><b>No Active Alignment Project</b> <b>November 2006 – IFRS 8 <i>Operating Segments</i> (Consequential amendments)</b></p>
<b><i>Events After the Reporting Date</i></b>				
IPSAS 14	IAS 10		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 14 uses different terminology and different title.</li> <li>IPSAS 14 notes that where the going concern assumption is no longer appropriate, judgment is required in determining the impact of this change on the carrying value of assets and liabilities recognized in the financial statements (paragraph 22).</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i> (Consequential amendments)</b></p>

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><u>Investment Property</u></b>				
IPSAS 16 (Revised December 2006)	IAS 40 (Revised December 2003)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 16 requires that investment property initially be measured at cost and specifies that where an asset is acquired for no cost or for a nominal cost, its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.</li> <li>IPSAS 16 uses different terminology.</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)
<b><u>Segment Reporting</u></b>				
IPSAS 18 (June 2002)	IAS 14 (Revised 1997)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 18 defines segments differently from IAS 14.</li> <li>IPSAS 18 does not require the disclosure of segment result. IPSAS 18 encourages, but does not require, the disclosure of significant non-cash revenues that are included in segment revenue, segment depreciation, and other non-cash expenses or segment cash flows as required by IPSAS 2, <i>Cash Flow Statements</i>.</li> <li>IPSAS 18 uses different terminology.</li> </ul> <p><b>Significant IFRS Changes Not Yet Considered</b></p> <p><b>November 2006 – IFRS 8 Operating Segments replaces IAS 14 Segment Reporting</b></p>	<b>No Active Alignment Project</b> <b>February 2021 – Disclosure of Accounting Policies</b> (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) (Consequential amendments)
<b><u>Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets</u></b>				
IPSAS 19 (October 2002)	IAS 37 (September 1998) <b>IFRIC 1</b> <b>IFRIC 5</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 19 uses different terminology.</li> <li>The scope of IPSAS 19 excludes liabilities within the scope of IPSAS 42, <i>Social Benefits</i>.</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments) <b>November 2025 – Disclosures about Uncertainties in the Financial Statements—Illustrative Examples</b>

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><u>Related Party Disclosures</u></b>				
IPSAS 20	IAS 24		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 20 uses different terminology and has a different scope and structure.</li> </ul> <p><b>Significant IFRS Changes Not Yet Considered</b> November 2009 – Revised IAS 24 <i>Related Party Disclosures</i></p>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i> (Consequential amendments)</b></p>
<b><u>Impairment of Non-Cash-Generating Assets</u></b>				
IPSAS 21	IAS 36		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 19 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 21 deals with the impairment of non-cash-generating assets of public sector entities, while IAS 36 deals with the impairment of cash-generating assets of profit-oriented entities. IPSAS 26 deals with the impairment of cash-generating assets of public sector entities.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>November 2025 – <i>Disclosures about Uncertainties in the Financial Statements—Illustrative Examples</i></b></p> <p><b>No Active Alignment Project</b> <b>November 2006 – IFRS 8 <i>Operating Segments</i> (Consequential amendments).</b></p>
<b><u>Disclosure of Financial Information about the General Government Sector</u></b>				
IPSAS 22	–		Not applicable.	Not applicable.
<b><u>Presentation of Budget Information in Financial Statements</u></b>				
IPSAS 24	–		Not applicable.	Not applicable.

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><i>Impairment of Cash-Generating Assets</i></b>				
<b>IPSAS 26</b> (February 2008)	<b>IAS 36</b> (Revised March 2004)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 26 uses different terminology.</li> <li>In IPSAS 26, a forced sale is not a reflection of fair value less costs to sell.</li> <li>IPSAS 26 includes requirements and guidance dealing with the redesignation of assets from cash-generating to non-cash-generating and non-cash-generating to cash-generating.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)</p> <p><b>November 2025 – Disclosures about Uncertainties in the Financial Statements—Illustrative Examples</b></p> <p><b>No Active Alignment Project</b> <b>November 2006 – IFRS 8 Operating Segments</b> (Consequential amendments).</p>
<b><i>Agriculture</i></b>				
<b>IPSAS 27</b> (December 2009)	<b>IAS 41</b> (Amended December 2008)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 27 uses different terminology.</li> <li>The definition of “agricultural activity includes transactions for the distribution of biological assets at no charge or for nominal amount.</li> <li>The scope section clarifies that biological assets held for the provision or supply of services are not addressed in this Standard.</li> <li>IPSAS 27 contains requirements for the measurement at initial recognition, and at each reporting date, of biological assets acquired through a non-exchange transaction.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)</p>

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><i>Financial Instruments: Presentation</i></b>				
IPSAS 28	IAS 32 IFRIC 2		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 28 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 28 contains additional Application Guidance on when assets and liabilities arising from non-exchange revenue transactions are financial assets or financial liabilities.</li> <li>IPSAS 28 contains additional Application Guidance dealing with the identification of arrangements that are, in substance, contractual.</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)
<b><i>Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement</i></b>				
IPSAS 29	IAS 39 IFRIC 16		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 29 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 29 contains additional application guidance to deal with concessionary loans and financial guarantee contracts entered into at nil or nominal consideration.</li> <li>Principles from IFRIC 9, <i>Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives</i> and IFRIC 16 <i>Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation</i> have been included as authoritative appendices to IPSAS 29.</li> </ul>	Fully updated.

Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><u>Financial Instruments: Disclosure</u></b>				
IPSAS 30	IFRS 7		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 30 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 30 contains requirements related to concessionary loans.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b></p> <p><b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b></p> <p><b>November 2025 – Disclosures about Uncertainties in the Financial Statements—Illustrative Examples</b></p> <p><b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)</p> <p><b>February 2021 – Disclosure of Accounting Policies</b> (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) (Consequential amendments)</p> <p><b>Improvements to IPSAS Accounting Standards – Volume 10</b></p> <p><b>July 2024 – Annual Improvements (IFRS Accounting Standards) – Volume 11</b></p> <p><b>December 2024 – Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity</b> (Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)</p> <p><b>May 2024 – Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments</b> (Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)</p> <p><b>May 2023 – Supplier Finance Arrangements</b> (Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7)</p>

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><u>Intangible Assets</u></b>				
IPSAS 31	IAS 38 SIC 32		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 31 uses different terminology.</li> <li>In IPSAS 31, the interest related to the payment deferral beyond normal credit terms is recognized as expense over the period of credit unless it is capitalized in accordance with the capitalization treatment permitted in IPSAS 5, while in IAS 38 the capitalization of interest in accordance with IAS 23 is not an allowed alternative treatment as it is the only treatment available.</li> <li>IPSAS 31 permits the recognition as expense or capitalization of interest</li> <li>IPSAS 31 includes a scope exclusion for the powers and rights conferred by legislation, a constitution, or by equivalent means.</li> <li>IPSAS 31 does not require or prohibit the recognition of intangible heritage assets.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b>  <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b>  <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b>  (Consequential amendments)</p>
<b><u>Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor</u></b>				
IPSAS 32	IFRIC 12, SIC 29		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 33 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 32 is applied to the grantor and IFRIC 12 <i>Service Concession Arrangements</i> is applied to the operator.</li> </ul>	Fully updated.

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><i>First-time Adoption of Accrual Basis IPSAS Standards</i></b>				
IPSAS 33	IFRS 1		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 33 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 33 has different structure and requirements compared to IFRS 1.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b>  <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b>  <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b>  (Consequential amendments)  <b>Improvements to IPSAS Accounting Standards – Volume 10:</b>  <b>July 2024 – Annual Improvements (IFRS Accounting Standards) –</b>  Volume 11  <b>August 2023 – Consequential amendments from Lack of Exchangeability</b>  ( Amendments to IAS 21)</p>
<b><i>Separate Financial Statements</i></b>				
IPSAS 34	IAS 27		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 34 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 34 contains specific requirements for a controlling entity that is not itself an investment entity, but which has an investment in a controlled investment entity.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b>  <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b>  <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b>  (Consequential amendments)</p>
<b><i>Consolidated Financial Statements</i></b>				
IPSAS 35	IFRS 10		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 35 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 35 defines the term “binding arrangement”.</li> <li>IPSAS 35 contains more guidance on non-financial benefits.</li> <li>IPSAS 35 does not require that a controlling entity, that is not itself an investment entity, shall consolidate all controlled entities.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b>  <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b>  <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b>  (Consequential amendments)  <b>Improvements to IPSAS Accounting Standards – Volume 10:</b>  <b>July 2024 – Annual Improvements (IFRS Accounting Standards) –</b>  Volume 11</p>

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><i>Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures</i></b>				
IPSAS 36	IAS 28		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 36 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 36 applies to all investments where the investor has a quantifiable ownership interest. IAS 28 (Amended in 2011) does not contain a similar requirement.</li> <li>Where an entity is precluded by IPSAS 29 from measuring the retained interest in a former associate or joint venture at fair value, IPSAS 36 permits an entity to use carrying amount as the cost on initial recognition of the financial asset.</li> <li>When applying the equity method, IPSAS 36 requires fair value measurement in respect of an interest in an associate or a joint venture that is an investment entity, while in IAS 28 the fair value measurement is an elective accounting policy option.</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)
<b><i>Joint Arrangements</i></b>				
IPSAS 37	IFRS 11		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 37 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 35 defines the term “binding arrangement”.</li> <li>IPSAS 37 contains additional illustrative examples that reflect the public sector context.</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)
<b><i>Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities</i></b>				
IPSAS 38	IFRS 12		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 38 uses different terminology.</li> <li>The definition of a structured entity in IPSAS 38 acknowledges the differing ways in which control may be obtained in the public sector.</li> <li>IPSAS 38 requires that a controlling entity that controls an investment entity, and is not itself an investment entity, disclose information in respect of unconsolidated investment entities.</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><u>Employee Benefits</u></b>				
IPSAS 39	IAS 19 IFRIC 14		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 39 uses different terminology.</li> <li>IPSAS 39 contains additional guidance on public sector bonus plans.</li> <li>In IPSAS 39 entities apply a rate that reflects the time value of money.</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i> (Consequential amendments)</b>
<b><u>Public Sector Combinations</u></b>				
IPSAS 40	IFRS 3		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 40 uses different terminology and has a different structure and scope.</li> <li>IPSAS 40 classifies certain combinations as amalgamations.</li> <li>IPSAS 40 contains additional guidance on public sector specific transactions, for example tax forgiveness.</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i> (Consequential amendments)</b> <b>Narrow Scope Amendments project:</b> <b>October 2018 – <i>Definition of a Business</i> (Amendments to IFRS 3)</b> <b>May 2020 – <i>Reference to the Conceptual Framework</i> (Amendments to IFRS 3)</b>

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><u>Financial Instruments</u></b>				
IPSAS 41	IFRS 9 IFRIC 16 IFRIC 19		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 41 contains additional application guidance to deal with concessionary loans, financial guarantee contracts entered into at nil or nominal consideration, equity instruments arising from non-exchange transactions and fair value measurement.</li> <li>In certain instances, IPSAS 41 uses different terminology from IFRS 9. The most significant examples are the use of the terms "statement of financial performance" and "net assets/equity." The equivalent terms in IFRS 9 are "statement of comprehensive income or separate income statement (if presented)" and "equity."</li> <li>IPSAS 41 does not distinguish between "revenue" and "income." IFRS 9 distinguishes between "revenue" and "income," with "income" having a broader meaning than the term "revenue."</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments) <b>Improvements to IPSAS Accounting Standards – Volume 10</b> <b>July 2024 – Annual Improvements (IFRS Accounting Standards) – Volume 11</b> <b>December 2024 – Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity</b> ( Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7) <b>May 2024 – Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments</b> (Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)
<b><u>Social Benefits</u></b>				
IPSAS 42	-		Not applicable.	Not applicable.

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	IFRS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><u>Leases</u></b>				
IPSAS 43	IFRS 16		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 43 uses different terminology from IFRS 16. For example, IPSAS 43 uses the terms “revenue”, “operation”, “accumulated surpluses/(deficits)” and “segment”, while IFRS 16 uses the terms “income”, “business unit”, “retained earnings” and “business segment”, respectively.</li> <li>IPSAS 43 refers to both “economic benefits” and “service potential”, where appropriate, in the section on identifying a lease, while IFRS 16 refers only to “economic benefits”.</li> <li>IPSAS 43 does not include specific requirements for manufacturer or dealer lessors, whereas IFRS 16 does.</li> <li>IPSAS 43 includes specific measurement requirements on concessionary leases for lessees, whereas IFRS 16 does not.</li> <li>IPSAS 43 includes specific disclosure requirements on concessionary leases for both lessees and lessors, whereas IFRS 16 does not.</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)
<b><u>Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations</u></b>				
IPSAS 44	IFRS 5		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 44 requires disclosure in the notes of the fair value of a non-current asset (or disposal group) classified as held for sale if fair value is materially different to the carrying amount;</li> <li>IPSAS 44 replaces the IFRS 5 definition of a cash-generating unit with the definition of a cash-generating unit defined in IPSAS 26, <i>Impairment of Cash-Generating Assets</i>;</li> <li>IPSAS 44 acknowledges that public sector combinations differ from business combinations and can be either an acquisition or an amalgamation. Therefore, IPSAS 44 requires assets acquired in a public sector amalgamation that are to immediately be classified as held for sale to be measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell; and</li> <li>IPSAS 44 uses different terminology in certain instances from IFRS 5. The most significant examples are the use of the terms “operation”, “public sector combination”, “revenue”, “owner”, “controlling entity” and “controlled entity”. The equivalent terms in IFRS 5 are “business”, “business combination”, “income”, “shareholder”, “parent” and “subsidiary”.</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	PS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<u><a href="#">Property, Plant, and Equipment</a></u>				
IPSAS 45	IAS 16		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 45 refers to both “economic benefits” and “service potential”, where appropriate, in the section on recognition of an item of property, plant, and equipment, while IAS 16 refers to “economic benefits”.</li> <li>IPSAS 45 at initial measurement requires that an item of property, plant, and equipment acquired through a non-exchange transaction be measured at its deemed cost (fair value). IAS 16 does not have such a requirement.</li> <li>The subsequent measurement models in IPSAS 45 are historical cost and current value models, while in IAS 16 the models are cost and revaluation.</li> <li>IPSAS 45 for subsequent measurement has two measurement bases in the current value model - current operational value and fair value. IAS 16 revaluation model has only one measurement basis - fair value.</li> <li>Under IPSAS 45 revaluation increases and decreases are offset within a class of assets basis, while in IAS 16 are offset on an asset basis.</li> <li>IPSAS 45 has disclosure requirements for unrecognized heritage assets, while IAS 16 does not have such a requirement.</li> <li>IPSAS 45 does not require the disclosure of the equivalent historical cost amounts, where an entity adopts the current value model and carries items of property, plant, and equipment at revalued amounts, while IAS 16 does.</li> <li>IPSAS 45 requires the disclosure of the sum of all revaluations, surpluses and deficits for individual items of property, plant, and equipment within that class. IAS 16 does not have such a disclosure requirement.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b></p> <p><b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b></p> <p><b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)</p>
<u><a href="#">Measurement</a></u>				
IPSAS 46 (May 2023)	IFRS 13 (January 2016)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 46 provides guidance on historical cost, current operational value, cost of fulfilment and fair value. IFRS 13 only provides guidance on fair value.</li> <li>IPSAS 46 requires an entity to apply the measurement disclosure requirements in the relevant IPSAS. IFRS 13 includes all disclosures about fair value measurement.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b></p> <p><b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b></p> <p><b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)</p>

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	PS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><u>Revenue</u></b>				
IPSAS 47	IFRS 15		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 47 applies to all revenue transactions in the public sector, which may arise from transactions with or without binding arrangements. IFRS 15 applies to a subset of binding arrangements, specifically contracts to deliver goods or services to customers.</li> <li>IPSAS 47 explicitly requires an entity to determine whether the revenue arises from a transaction with or without a binding arrangement. IFRS 15 does not explicitly require an entity to determine whether the revenue arises from a contract.</li> <li>IPSAS 47 uses the term “compliance obligation” as the unit of account for revenue recognition in a binding arrangement, which is a promise to either use resources internally for distinct goods or services, or to transfer distinct goods or services to another party (i.e., a purchaser or third-party beneficiary). IFRS 15 uses the term “performance obligation” as the unit of account for revenue recognition in a contract, which is a promise to transfer distinct goods or services to a customer.</li> <li>The concept of compliance obligations in IPSAS 47 is broader than performance obligations in IFRS 15. As a result, IAS 20, <i>Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance</i> is not applicable for public sector organizations because IPSAS 47 includes principles to account for capital transfers and other transfers arising from binding arrangements.</li> <li>IPSAS 47 requires an entity to disclose any transactions where it is compelled to satisfy an obligation, regardless of the counterparty's ability or intention to pay and the probability of collection of consideration. IFRS 15 does not require this disclosure.</li> <li>IPSAS 47 uses different terminology from IFRS 15. For example, IPSAS 47 uses the terms “compliance obligation”, “resource provider”, “stand-alone value”, and “economic substance”, while IFRS 15 uses the terms “performance obligation”, “customer”, “stand-alone selling price”, and “commercial substance”, respectively.</li> </ul>	<b>Active Alignment Project</b> <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b> <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	PS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<b><u>Transfer Expenses</u></b>				
IPSAS 48			Not applicable.	Not applicable.
<b><u>Retirement Benefit Plans</u></b>				
IPSAS 49	IAS 26		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 49 has different definitions, such as defined benefit plans and net assets available for benefits;</li> <li>IPSAS 49 requires the use of projected salaries only when measuring the actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits, while IAS 26 permits a choice of using current salary levels or projected salary levels; and</li> <li>IPSAS 49 requires the presentation of a cash flow statement for retirement benefit plans, while IAS 26 does not.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Active Alignment Project</b>  <b>Presentation of Financial Statements project:</b>  <b>February 2021 – Disclosure of Accounting Policies</b> (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) (Consequential amendments)  <b>April 2024 – IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</b> (Consequential amendments)</p>
<b><u>Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources</u></b>				
IPSAS 50	IFRS 6		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IPSAS 50 uses different terminology from IFRS 6. For example, IPSAS 50 uses the terms “historical cost”, and “impairment of cash-generating assets”, while IFRS 6 uses the terms “cost model”, “revaluation model”, and “impairment of assets”.</li> </ul>	Fully updated.
<b><u>Tangible Natural Resources Held for Conservation</u></b>				
IPSAS 51	-		Not applicable.	Not applicable.

**Table 5 – Alignment Between IPSAS Standards and Equivalent IFRS Accounting Standards—Supporting Detail**

IPSAS	PS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<u><a href="#">Financial Reporting under the Cash Basis of Accounting</a></u>				
Cash Basis IPSAS	-		Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Table 6 – RPG Guidelines and Practice Statements—Supporting Detail (updated on February 4, 2026)

RPG	PS	Status	Main Public Sector Differences	Relevant Minor IFRS Amendments yet To Be Considered
<u><a href="#">Reporting on the Long-Term Sustainability of an Entity's Finances</a></u>				
RPG 1	–		Not applicable.	Not applicable.
<u><a href="#">Financial Statement Discussion and Analysis</a></u>				
RPG 2	PS 1 Management Commentary		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RPG 2 uses different terminology.</li> <li>RPG 2 has different users.</li> <li>RPG 2 has different present identification, presentation and content of financial statement discussion and analysis.</li> </ul> <p>Staff note: The IPSASB decided it was important to develop guidance on financial statement discussion and analysis specific to the public sector because of different users of financial statements in the public sector.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No current public sector amendments to consider.</li> <li><a href="#">June 2025 – IFRS Practice Statement 1 Management Commentary</a></li> </ul>
<u><a href="#">Reporting Service Performance Information</a></u>				
RPG 3	–		Not applicable.	Not applicable.